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Archives
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Carinthian Regional Archives
Archives of Upper Austria
Austrian State Archives
Salzburger Landesarchiv
Tyrolean Regional Archives
Municipal and Provincial Archives of Vienna (MA8)

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BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND AIMS

In order to be able to process the applications received by the General Settlement Fund with the help of historical documents, Austrian archives have provided a wealth of information – so-called Findbücher, or finding aids – on their file holdings relating to National Socialist property seizures and Austrian compensation and restitution measures. While working to process the applications, the staff of the General Settlement Fund were able to merge this data, sometimes adding to it, amending it and – if not already done – recording it electronically. The resulting database provides the foundation for the “Findbuch for Victims of National Socialism”.

Through regular communication with our applicants, numerous correspondence and personal contacts, we have come to realize that, even today, people’s desire to find out about the stories and fates of their family and friends remains unabated.

The information provided by the Findbuch on the files of the Austrian archives containing personal information does not allow inferences to be drawn about possible applicants to the National Fund of the Republic of Austria or the General Settlement Fund for Victims of National Socialism.

The main goal hoped to be achieved by publishing the Findbuch – also available in English – is to facilitate the search for “family traces” in Austrian archive holdings, not only for the victims of National Socialism from Austria and their descendents but also for academics and provenance or family researchers. It is intended to encourage people to come to terms with National Socialism and its aftermath in Austria, both in terms of family history research and at an academic, educational and societal level.
THE NATIONAL FUND AS DATABASE OPERATOR

The objective of the National Fund, established in 1995, is “to express the special responsibility towards the victims of National Socialism” [Sec. 1 (2) of the National Fund Law]. The National Fund fulfils this task by rendering material benefits, e.g. in the form of gesture payments and project funding.

Along with these material benefits, the National Fund also expresses its responsibility in non-material ways (such as publishing life stories, managing the art database and coordinating the redesign of the Austrian national exhibition in the Museum Auschwitz-Birkenau). Moreover, in recent years responses have been provided to increasing numbers of inquiries from applicants keen to know more about their family history, their knowledge of which is often fragmented as a result of flight and persecution. In addition, the number of inquiries from the fields of science/academia and provenance research has also risen steeply.

In this respect, by publishing the online Findbuch, the National Fund is also building on its dedication in expressing its “special responsibility” towards the victims of National Socialism and their descendents.

The lawful use of data of the “Online Findbuch on Victims of National Socialism and Austrian Settlement Measures” has been registered with the Austrian Data Protection Commission under DVR-Nr. 0851655. The Data Protection Act has therefore been complied with.

Visit our website at www.findbuch.at
PRESENTATION OF THE FINDBUCH AT THE PARLIAMENT ON JANUARY 15 2013

The National Fund of the Republic of Austria presented the Findbuch for Victims of National Socialism within the scope of the International Holocaust Remembrance Day on 27 January – the day of the liberation of the concentration and extermination camp Auschwitz.

The Findbuch was presented in the Austrian Parliament on 15 January 2013, followed by a panel discussion on the subject “Family stories. Restitution and compensation in generational memory”. In the discussion, chaired by Hannah Lessing, Secretary General of the National Fund and the General Settlement Fund, Katja Sturm-Schnabl, professor at the Institute for Slavic Studies at the University of Vienna, actor and author Miguel Herz-Kestranek, Albertina provenance researcher Pia Schölnberger and university professor emeritus at the Institute of Contemporary History of the University of Vienna, Gerhard Botz, discussed the impact the National Socialist era had had on the families’ memory and the meaning of restitution and compensation for the victims of National Socialism.

The Chairperson of the Board of Trustees of the National Fund, President of the National Council Barbara Prammer, believes that the Findbuch has come at the right time. The General Settlement Fund – established on the basis of the Washington Agreement –, whose work provides the foundation for the Findbuch, had almost completed its tasks. In the run-up to the International Holocaust Remembrance Day, an important source of information had been made accessible, which not only benefited victims of National Socialism from Austria and their descendents but also historians, schools, universities and commemorative projects. “Undertaking research in the Findbuch is also a form of remembrance and commemoration and, as such, also forms part of the Austrian culture of remembrance”, continued Prammer.

“By publishing the Findbuch, the National Fund is further building on its dedication in expressing Austria’s special responsibility towards the victims of National Socialism and their descendents”, summed up Lessing.

Fig. 1: Secretary General of the National Fund and the General Settlement Fund, Hannah Lessing, and President of the National Council Barbara Prammer (from left).

Fig. 2: View towards the participants of the event. In the first row from right Hannah Lessing, Aviv Shir-On, Oskar Deutsch, Anna Elisabeth Haselbach, Barbara Prammer, Terezija Stoitsis, Herwig Hasele, Harald Walser, Gerhard Botz.

Fig. 3: The panel from left: Univ.-Prof. Katja Sturm-Schnabl, Institute of Slavic Studies at the University of Vienna; Miguel Herz-Kestranek, actor and author; Hannah Lessing, chairwoman and Secretary General of the National Fund; Pia Schölnberger, provenance researcher at the Albertina Museum; and university professor emeritus at the Institute of Contemporary History of the University of Vienna, Gerhard Botz.

Fig. 4: The journalist and former editor of “Jerusalem Post”, Ari Rath, speaking; in front to the left, Chief Rabbi of the Jewish Community in Vienna, Paul Chaim Eisenberg and the Findbuch project team members Annette Eisenberg, Iris Petrinja and Peter Stadlbauer.

Fig. 5: Pia Schölnberger in conversation with Miguel Herz-Kestranek.

Photos: Parlamentsdirektion/Bildagentur Zolles KG/Leo Hagen
FEEDBACK FOR THE FINDBUCH

“The Austrian State Archives are proud to have been able to contribute towards the successful realization of this necessary and long-overdue project through the extensive provision of fundamental historical source material.”

Director General of the Austrian State Archives, Univ.-Doz. Dr. Wolfgang Maderthaner

“As one of the central heritage institutions of this country, the Austrian National Library has for the last ten years been striving to deal with its own National Socialist past in an exemplary and transparent manner. Particularly because of the proven key role it played in National Socialist looting and confiscation, and especially in view of the obvious failures and omissions of the initial post-war years, I have followed this matter very closely since taking on my current role. We were very pleased to have been able to support the initiative of the National Fund in establishing the online Findbuch. It is still very difficult for the descendents of many victims to receive that to which they are entitled or even just to be able to shed light on the tragic fates of their relatives. I am convinced that an important tool has been created in this respect, in the form of the Findbuch for Victims of National Socialism.”

Dr. Johanna Rachinger, Director General of the Austrian National Library
“If you lose something and find it again, then you’re very pleased. In this case, people don’t even know that they have lost something, but they may find interesting things though. They’ll be able to gain a better idea of life back then, about the problems the people faced during that time. I believe it is something precious, no wonder it is being presented in the Parliament”.

Paul Chaim Eisenberg, Chief Rabbi of the Jewish Religion Community in Vienna

“The Findbuch is a vital step in the provision of digital access to information, which benefits both the victims of National Socialism and their descendents as well as those undertaking academic and remembrance work. For the Vienna University Library, the work carried out in cooperation with the National Fund marks a further important step towards the rigorous effort to come to terms with our own history, as we are already in the process of doing with our provenance research.”

HR Maria Seissl, Director of the Vienna University Library
This new online portal makes it possible to search the holdings of several Austrian archives for material on National Socialist property seizures and Austrian restitution and compensation measures. The Findbuch currently contains around 130,000 records from the Austrian State Archives and the Provincial Archives of Burgenland, Upper Austria, Salzburg, Carinthia and Tyrol. New records are being added continually. It is possible to call up information such as the “property notices” Jewish people had to submit after the “Anschluss” of Austria in 1938 as well as the files of the Restitution Commissions which were established after the war.

In addition, the Findbuch provides in digital form historical address books and official handbooks on public offices and institutions which facilitate research on private individuals, companies or the authorities which were responsible for the National Socialist seizures of property or restitution post-1945. As such, the Findbuch is one of the most comprehensive collections of personal data on National Socialist property seizures and Austrian restitution and compensation measures after 1945.
OVERVIEW OF THE ADDRESS BOOKS AND OFFICIAL HANDBOOKS

This page provides an overview of the address directories and official handbooks on public offices and institutions which have been digitized in cooperation with Austrian libraries and publishing houses and are now available online in the Findbuch.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Address directory</th>
<th>Year of Publication</th>
<th>Digitized Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burgenland</td>
<td>Address book and official directory</td>
<td>1937</td>
<td>288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carinthia</td>
<td>Official gazette and address directory</td>
<td>1938</td>
<td>876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carinthia</td>
<td>Official gazette and address directory</td>
<td>1939</td>
<td>849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carinthia</td>
<td>Official gazette and address directory</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Austria</td>
<td>Address directory Krems and Stein</td>
<td>1931</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Austria</td>
<td>Address directory St. Pölten</td>
<td>1936</td>
<td>251</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lower Austria</td>
<td>Official directory</td>
<td>1949</td>
<td>212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Austria</td>
<td>Linz address directory</td>
<td>1940</td>
<td>1135</td>
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<tr>
<td>Upper Austria</td>
<td>Official directory Oberdonau</td>
<td>1939</td>
<td>522</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Austria</td>
<td>Official directory Oberdonau</td>
<td>1940</td>
<td>554</td>
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<tr>
<td>Styria</td>
<td>Graz official directory</td>
<td>1938</td>
<td>174</td>
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<tr>
<td>Styria</td>
<td>Graz address directory</td>
<td>1938</td>
<td>915</td>
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<tr>
<td>Styria</td>
<td>Graz address directory</td>
<td>1944</td>
<td>743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Styria</td>
<td>Graz directory of authorities</td>
<td>1949</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tyrol</td>
<td>Official directory and business address directory Tyrol and Vorarlberg</td>
<td>1943</td>
<td>218</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Austrian address directory (Herold)</td>
<td>1938</td>
<td>2168</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Ostmark yearbook (The Old Krakow Directory)</td>
<td>1942</td>
<td>548</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Austrian authorities</td>
<td>1945</td>
<td>88</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Austrian authorities</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>221</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Austrian (The Old Krakow) Directory</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>194</td>
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<td>Austria</td>
<td>Austrian authorities</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>324</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Austrian authorities</td>
<td>1948</td>
<td>420</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>11870</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# OVERVIEW OF THE ARCHIVES AND FILE TYPES

This table provides an overview of the types of files that have been imported into the database from the aforementioned Austrian archives, the year or period of their origin and the number of records currently contained in the Findbuch. File types for which no number of records is given are currently being processed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Archives</th>
<th>File types</th>
<th>Beginning/period</th>
<th>Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burgenländisches Landesarchiv (BLA)</td>
<td>Property notices - Burgenland</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burgenländisches Landesarchiv (BLA)</td>
<td>Aryanization files (Northern Burgenland and Southern Burgenland)</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>1819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carinthian Regional Archives (KLA)</td>
<td>Slovenian resettlement and compensation - Carinthia</td>
<td>1938-1945; 1946</td>
<td>323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carinthian Regional Archives (KLA)</td>
<td>Files of the Restitution Commission at the Provincial Court Klagenfurt</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Notifications of seized property - Upper Austria</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>4126</td>
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<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Property notices - Upper Austria (Holdings of the Jewish Community Linz)</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Restitution files of the Financial Directorates Upper Austria - restitution of assets</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>2750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Restitution files of the Financial Directorates Upper Austria - confiscated assets</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Aryanization files - Upper Austria (Holdings of the Jewish Community Linz)</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Aryanization files Office of the Reich Governor - Upper Austria</td>
<td>1940-1945</td>
<td>750</td>
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<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Aryanization files Gau-Self-administration - Upper Austria</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Files of the Restitution Commissions - Files of the finance department of the Province of Upper Austria - restitutions</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives of Upper Austria (OOLA)</td>
<td>Files of the Restitution Commissions - Provincial Court Linz</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>5099</td>
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<tr>
<td>Salzburger Landesarchiv (SLA)</td>
<td>Files of the Restitution Commissions - Provincial Court Salzburg</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives</td>
<td>File types</td>
<td>Beginning/ period</td>
<td>Data</td>
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<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tyrolean Regional Archives (TLA)</td>
<td>Restitution files of the Financial Directorates - Tyrol and Vorarlberg</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tyrolean Regional Archives (TLA)</td>
<td>Aryanization files List of assets seized/declared forfeited by the German Reich - Tyrol</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>414</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tyrolean Regional Archives (TLA)</td>
<td>Files of the Restitution Commissions - Provincial Court Innsbruck</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>1793</td>
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<tr>
<td>Municipal and Provincial Archives of Vienna (MA 8)</td>
<td>Files of the Commercial Court Vienna</td>
<td>1937</td>
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<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Property notices</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>49228</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>List of the German Settlement Society Carinthia</td>
<td>1938-1945</td>
<td>357</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Collection Agencies A and B - negative files properties</td>
<td>1957</td>
<td>2317</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Collection Agencies A and B - negative files trade and commerce</td>
<td>1957</td>
<td>367</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Collection Agencies A and B - list of liquidated companies</td>
<td>1957</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Collection Agencies A and B - index of companies (excluding Vienna and Lower Austria)</td>
<td>1957</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Collection Agencies A and B - claims, equity and sale files</td>
<td>1957</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Restitution files of the Financial Directorates (Upper Austria) - confiscated assets</td>
<td>1946</td>
<td>43677</td>
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<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>List of Jewish shops/businesses in Vienna (March and April 1939)</td>
<td>March/April 1939</td>
<td>396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austrian State Archives (ÖStA)</td>
<td>Files of the Compensation Fund</td>
<td>1962</td>
<td>13127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>129017</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(as at January 2013)
HOMEPAGE

INCREASE FONT SIZE
(DE)ACTIVATE BACKGROUND/WALLPAPER

SEARCH DATABASE
(FULL TEXT SEARCH)

MAIN NAVIGATION FUNCTION

Home
Profile
File type
Address directories
Links
Login
Service
Registration

LOGIN / REGISTERED USERS

“My Findbuch”
  - Favourites
  - Personal data
Logout

WELCOME

Content
The Findbuch makes it possible to search for persons and companies in the
and compensation proceedings which are held at the Austrian State Archive
searches in digitized historical address directories and official handbooks on

The Findbuch
The great volume of numbers of letters, telephone conversations and face
the world and their descendants demonstrate the unabated interest, even to

Co-operation partners
Austrian archives, libraries and publishers support the Findbuch for Victims
publication of the finding aids, digitized address directories and official hand
Fig. 1: Homepage of the Findbuch
TYPES OF FILES

The file holdings contained in the Findbuch are described in the menu option “File types”. Explanatory notes on historical background information, file content, informational content and alternative source information are provided for each file type. Moreover, information is provided on the holdings of the respective archives and on data processing.

**Fig. 2: Types of files**
ADDRESS DIRECTORIES AND OFFICIAL HANDBOOKS

The historical Austrian address directories and official handbooks contained in the Findbuch are shown in the menu option “address directories”. For each digitized printed work an overview is provided with bibliographical records, information about the origin and copyright, as well as an index, which will enable you to access the appropriate chapters and pages. The contents were processed using OCR software and can be browsed as PDF file.

Fig. 3: Address directories and official handbooks
REGISTRATION

Registration is necessary in order to access the personal data holdings of the online Findbuch. Only after successful verification of both the identity and research purposes of the user will the account be activated and the user able to fully utilize the database.

Access to detailed data will not be granted by the search tool without registration/login.

Fig. 4: Registration
LOGIN AREA: “MY FINDBUCH”

The personal area “My Findbuch” will be available to users once they have logged in. Personal data as well as saved search results may be administered in this area.
FULL TEXT SEARCH

The entire records of the Findbuch database can be searched for sequences of letters with the use of the full text search. The data entry fields regarding people (forename, surname, maiden name, street, district, region, place), regarding businesses (name of company, type of company, street, place), as well as the explanatory notes and file number are searched.

Fig. 6: Full text search
ADVANCED SEARCH

There is also the option of using the advanced search, where the search criteria can be more closely refined and specified. Additional functions such as the “phonetic search” or “exact results only” search can be used to further refine the search results.

Fig. 7: Advanced search
SEARCH RESULT LIST

The search results are shown in a table and can be sorted and refined according to various criteria. Clicking on an entry will take you to the detail view.

Fig. 8: Search result list
DETAIL VIEW

All information regarding a record will be shown in the detail view. These include details of persons or businesses as well as information required to order a file from the archive holding the files. With the option “remember”, data entries can be saved in “favorites”.

Fig. 9: Detail view
LEGAL INFORMATION

The records published in the Findbuch are published with the explicit consent of the archives that hold the files. The Findbuch does not reproduce the contents of any files and, as such, is not an alternative to ordering the file at the relevant archive and viewing its contents. The decision on whether access to a file will be granted lies with the archive, pursuant to the pertinent archive legislation and/or pursuant to the regulations for use of the archive. The records contained in the Findbuch do not allow any inferences to be made regarding applications filed with the National Fund of the Republic of Austria for Victims of National Socialism or the General Settlement Fund for Victims of National Socialism or as to its applicants.

Pursuant to Sec. 6 (1) item 5 of the Data Protection Act, records can only be stored “in a form that permits identification of data subjects as long as this is necessary for the purpose for which the data was collected; a longer period of storage may be laid down in specific laws, particularly laws concerning archives”. With reference to this passage, the Federal Archives Act stipulates that “documents are to be examined as to their suitability as archive material prior to their deletion or disposal” (Sec. 5 (3) of the Federal Archives Act). This matter is resolved by the Ordinance on Federal Archive Material, which declares that “documents on matters of restitution and compensation” are deemed archive-worthy material (annex regarding Sec. 2 (1) of this Ordinance).

The data holdings of the Findbuch are comprised, firstly, of personal data on certain identified or identifiable individuals (Sec. 4 item 1 of the Data Protection Act) and, secondly, of sensitive records or records which are especially worthy of protection (Sec. 4 item 2 of the Data Protection Act). The interests worthy of protection pursuant to Sec. 9 (3) of the Data Protection Act are not infringed through processing and transmission of sensitive data if an “authorization […] stipulated by laws” exists and “insofar as they serve an important public interest”. The expression of the special responsibility towards the victims of National Socialism which, as described under the heading “The National Fund of the Republic of Austria as database Operator”, extends beyond rendering solely material benefits, is covered by the National Fund Law.

The fact that beyond this, the legislator also presumes the existence of an “important public interest” in the accessibility of records relating to National Socialism, can be gathered from the order of the Data Protection Commission of 5 April 2006, which interprets Sec. 46 (3) of the Data Protection Act as follows: “In conjunction with academic investigations into the National Socialist era, the Data Protection Commission routinely presumes an important public interest […] as research and objective appraisal of the National Socialist past will positively influence the international perception of Austria.”

All data published in the database concerns finding aids from the cooperating archives. In the archives these finding aids serve to locate the files. These can then be viewed for official, personal, journalistic purposes or for warranted personal reasons (see Sec. 9 of the Federal Archives Act and the provincial archive legislation and regulations for use). The period of protection has already expired for this archive material (see Sec. 8 of the Federal Archives Act and the provincial archive legislation and regulations for use).
The records published in the Findbuch are already generally available in accordance with their archival origins and, as such, they are not subject to the right of non-disclosure pursuant to Sec. 1 (1) of the Data Protection Act, as an “interest in non-disclosure which is worthy of protection [is] precluded from the outset, […]. This includes data which was published permissibly and is accessible on grounds of other statutory provisions, such as the land register or the commercial register. Nothing to the contrary can apply for the archives of the Federation and the provinces, provided their archive material has been legally authorized for use”. (Iris Eisenberger/Ronald Faber, Naming Names, juridikum 1/2003, p. 28).

The address directories and official handbooks which were published up to and including 1942 are not subject to copyright, pursuant to the Copyright Act. Wherever possible, the National Fund obtained permission to publish later editions from the current holder of the rights of use. This is indicated by each edition. In a few isolated cases, the rights holders were unknown or did not respond to inquiries by the National Fund. All address directories and official handbooks published as a whole constitute a database as defined by Secs. 76c and 76d of the Copyright Act.

Pursuant to the Data Protection Act 2000, the National Fund, having notified the Data Processing Register (DVR-Nr. 0851655) as to how this data will be used, is authorized to save personal data in automated form.

The registration required to use the Findbuch for Victims of National Socialism is based on the requests which must be submitted under usual circumstances when registering with any of our cooperating archives. For this reason, we reserve the right to take the personal details (forename, surname, date of birth, address, organization), the purpose of the research (see Sec. 9 of the Federal Archives Law and others) and a copy of a state-issued photo-ID. User information is never passed on to third parties.

The special protection of users’ data, which forms the foundation for the Data Protection Act, is not only ensured through organizational measures but also through technical precautions. The National Fund uses a SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) key for the Findbuch website in order to guarantee secure communications between users and the data application.
FINDBUCH
FOR VICTIMS OF NATIONAL SOCIALISM

National Fund of the Republic of Austria for Victims of National Socialism

Parliament
Dr.-Karl-Renner-Ring 3
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